

November 4, 2011

The International Prosecution Chamber in Stockholm

Box 70296
107 22 Stockholm
SWEDEN

Report on serious offences subject to public prosecution

The offences include violations of international law¹, genocide², terrorism³, and financing of terrorism⁴.

Background

Until March 2011 Libya was a sovereign secular state, ranked by the United Nations as a "High Human Development" country in a global context⁵ (HDI ranking 53 out of 194, ahead of countries like Russia and Brazil) and the most advanced country on the continent of Africa.⁶ As late as Jan 4, 2011 – just weeks before the war started – several UN members applauded Libya's continued commitment to upholding human rights.⁷

Today, seven months later, Libya has – as a result of decisions and actions by individuals i.a. within the Swedish government and Sweden's military forces – been

¹ Cf. Sweden's Criminal Code and International Agreements (BrB and folkrättstraktat).

² Cf. Sweden's International Agreements (Sveriges överenskommelser med främmande makter 1952:68. FN resolution 260, 1948-12-09).

³ Cf. Law (2003:148) "om straff för terroristbrott". Cf. EU framework decision 2002/475/JHA 2002-06-13.

⁴ Cf. Law (2002:444) "om straff för finansiering av särskilt allvarlig brottslighet i vissa fall."

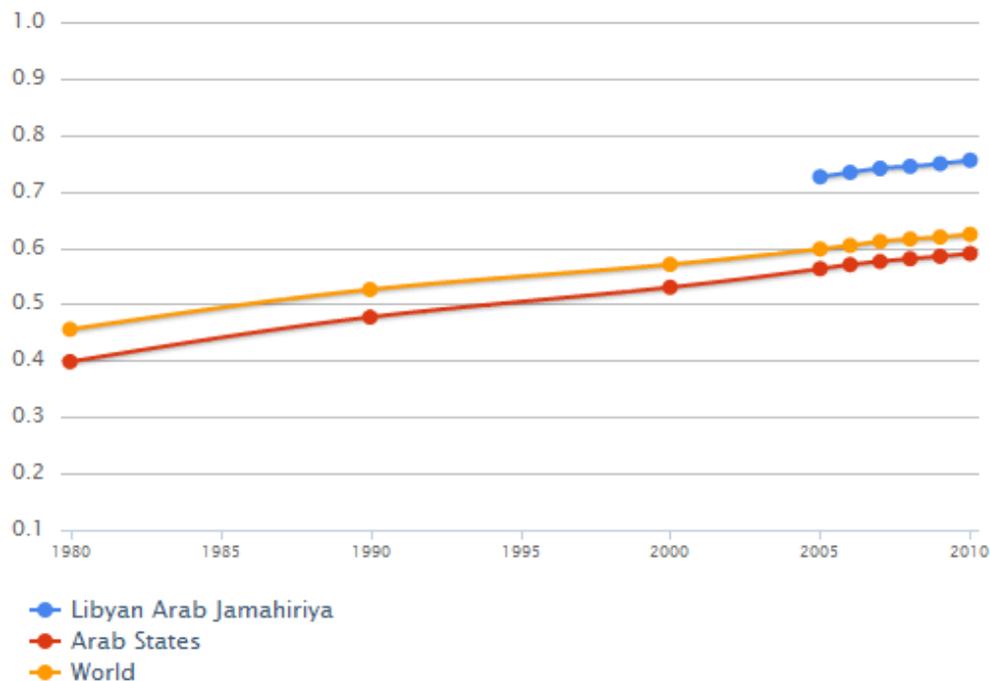
⁵ Cf. Human Development Report 2010: The Real Wealth of Nations – Paths to Human Development, http://hdr.undp.org/en/media/HDR_2010_EN_Complete_reprint.pdf, 2011-09-26 and <http://hdrstats.undp.org/en/countries/profiles/LBY.html>, 2011-09-26.

⁶ Cf. http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_African_countries_by_Human_Development_Index, 2011-10-22.

⁷ Report of the Working Group on the Universal Periodic Review – Libyan Arab Jamahiriya "United Nations, A/HRC/16/15, 2011-01-04.

turned into a bombed out war zone with up to a million refugees⁸ under the control of a "National Transitional Council" (NTC) which is in the process of turning Libya into a theocracy regulated by Islamic Sharia law.⁹

Human Development Index: Trends 2005 - present



The leadership and cadre of the NTC rebels are dominated by past and present members¹⁰ of designated terrorist organizations¹¹ such as Al-Qaeda (AQ, AQI, AQIM)¹² and the Libyan Islamic Fighting Group (LIFG).¹³

⁸ http://www.riksdagen.se/webbnav/index.aspx?nid=410&dok_id=GZ02U1, 2011-09-30. <http://www.unocha.org/top-stories/stories-by-country/results/taxonomy%3A107>, 2011-10-27.

⁹ Article 1, draft constitutional charter: <http://www.al-bab.com/arab/docs/libya/Libya-Draft-Constitutional-Charter-for-the-Transitional-Stage.pdf>, 2011-10-20.

¹⁰ Cf. <http://washingtonexaminer.com/politics/2011/03/jihadis-who-killed-americans-get-us-support-libya>, 2011-09-24; <http://www.nytimes.com/2011/04/25/world/guantanamo-files-libyan-detainee-now-us-ally-of-sorts.html>, 2011-09-24;

¹¹ AL-QA'IDA'S FOREIGN FIGHTERS IN IRAQ – A FIRST LOOK AT THE SINJAR RECORDS, West Point, 2007 sikh 12 et al. The coastal area around and between the cities of Darna and Benghazi is the home base of the Al-Qaeda/LIFG rebels and have by West Point been labelled as a sort of global capital for Al-Qaeda, particularly in its recruitment for Al-Qaeda in Iraq. <http://washingtonexaminer.com/politics/2011/03/jihadis-who-killed-americans-get-us-support-libya>, 2011-09-26. <http://www.guardian.co.uk/world/2011/sep/27/libyan-islamists-power-share-warning>, 2011-09-27.

¹² Cf. https://www.europol.europa.eu/sites/default/files/publications/tesat2009_0.pdf, 2011-09-26; <http://www.state.gov/s/ct/rls/other/des/123085.htm>, 2011-09-26. Cf. <http://www.voltairenet.org/How-Al-Qaeda-men-came-to-power-in>, 2011-10-19;

The council is presently headed by a de facto triumvirate – holding executive/financial/military power:

1. **Mahmoud Jibril** – a university lecturer educated, and for several years resident, in the US and whose studies was mentored by a renowned CIA case officer working for CIA in Iran during the CIA/staged coup there in 1953.¹⁴
2. An American economics professor by the name of **Ali Tarhouni**.¹⁵
3. A **senior Al-Qaeda** asset/educator/leader previously operating in Afghanistan and Iraq but who currently acts under the name of **Bel Hadj** as the Commander in Chief for the NTC as well as military dictator of Tripoli.¹⁶

On March 19, 2011, two days after the adoption of UN resolution 1973, this NTC/Al-Qaeda/LIFG rebel council announced the creation of a new central bank and a new oil company.¹⁷ Starting a "revolution" with the creation of new central bank may be a possible "first" in world history and casts the long shadow of as yet unidentified international financial actors over the war against Libya.¹⁸

The war

The pretext and framework for the attack on Libya by Sweden and other countries was United Nations resolution 1973. This resolution i.a. authorized a ban on flights and measures "to protect civilians and civilian populated areas" whilst excluding "a foreign occupation force of any form on any part of Libyan territory".¹⁹

<http://www.telegraph.co.uk/news/worldnews/africaandindianocean/libya/8407047/Libyan-rebel-commander-admits-his-fighters-have-al-Qaeda-links.html>, 2011-10-20.

¹³ Ibid. <http://online.wsj.com/article/SB10001424052748703712504576237042432212406.html>, 2011-09-26.

<http://www.un.org/sc/committees/1267/NSQE1101E.shtml>, 2011-10-25.

¹⁴ <http://www.mohammadmossadegh.com/1953/>, 2011/10/24. <http://www.post-gazette.com/pg/11265/1176650-298-0.stm?cmpid=nationworld.xml>, 2011/12/24. <http://www.wsws.org/articles/2011/apr2011/oppo-a02.shtml>, 2011-10-20. <http://conservativedailynews.com/2011/03/the-next-libyan-dictator-mahmoud-jibril/>, 2011-10-20.

<http://www.iranicaonline.org/articles/cottam-richard-1>, 2011-10-20.

¹⁵ The second most important post that of Finance and Oil is held by a Ali Tarhouni a Libyan national resident in Washington for the last 35 years: <http://www.washington.edu/news/articles/uw-faculty-member-ali-tarhouni-named-finance-minister-by-libyan-opposition-1>, 2011-10-20.

¹⁶ <http://www.voltairenet.org/How-Al-Qaeda-men-came-to-power-in>, 2011-10-27. Cf.

<http://washingtonexaminer.com/politics/2011/03/jihadis-who-killed-americans-get-us-support-libya>, 2011-09-24;

<http://www.nytimes.com/2011/04/25/world/guantanamo-files-libyan-detainee-now-us-ally-of-sorts.html>, 2011-09-24;

¹⁷ <http://www.ntclibya.org/english/meeting-on-19-march-2011/>, 2011-10-20.

¹⁸ <http://rt.com/news/libya-subordinate-role-africa-597/>, 2011-10-27.

¹⁹ <http://daccess-dds-ny.un.org/doc/UNDOC/GEN/N11/268/39/PDF/N1126839.pdf> sections 4 & 6

The reality is that participants in the NATO-led war already at the outset was in violation of resolution 1973 and that the motive was not to protect civilians – but regime-change.

Testimony by former NATO military commander General Wesley Clarke confirms that as early as 2001, Pentagon was instructed to prepare for war against Libya²⁰ – i.e. long before Libya was reported as a "problem" somehow in need of a "solution".

Thus, the backdrop carries distinct echoes of colonialism,²¹ spiced with the general geostrategical redrawing of the entire Middle-East set in motion by the attacks in the US on September 11, 2001²² and envisaged by the Project for the New American Century (PNAC).²³

The event that is said to have triggered NATO's attack on Libya was the Libyan government's own attempts to restore order and protect civilians in the Benghazi area, where an estimated one thousand jihadists²⁴ (Al-Qaeda/LIFG) had stormed military storage facilities, and armed themselves and started to shoot up the neighbourhood.

Given the miniscule size and poor to non-existent training of this "rebel" contingent,²⁵ the successful containment and disarmament of these rebels by the Libyan government should have been a foregone conclusion – had it not been for the intervention of French and subsequently US airpower on the side of these Al-Qaeda jihadists.²⁶

²⁰ Testimony of General Wesley Clark, 2007-03-02 on Democracy Now!

²¹ <http://rt.com/news/libya-subordinate-role-africa-597/>, 2011-10-27.

²² 9/11 – Synthetic Terror – Made in the USA, Webster Tarpley: Cf. <http://www.bokus.com/bok/9780930852375/911-synthetic-terror/>.

²³ <http://www.newamericancentury.org/RebuildingAmericasDefenses.pdf>, 2011-11-01.

²⁴ Estimates reported ten days after the US launched Operation Odyssey Dawn suggested a thousand fighters, virtually all of which were other Jihadists. <http://www.washingtontimes.com/news/2011/mar/29/1000-freelance-jihadists-join-libyan-rebels/print/>, 2011-10-21. <http://transcripts.cnn.com/TRANSCRIPTS/1103/30/ita.01.html>, 2011-10-21. <http://atwar.blogs.nytimes.com/2011/04/05/libyas-rebel-forces-need-more-than-just-weapons/>, 2011-10-21.

²⁵ Estimates reported ten days after the US launched Operation Odyssey Dawn suggested a thousand fighters, virtually all of which were other Jihadists. <http://www.washingtontimes.com/news/2011/mar/29/1000-freelance-jihadists-join-libyan-rebels/print/>, 2011-10-21. <http://transcripts.cnn.com/TRANSCRIPTS/1103/30/ita.01.html>, 2011-10-21. <http://atwar.blogs.nytimes.com/2011/04/05/libyas-rebel-forces-need-more-than-just-weapons/>, 2011-10-21.

²⁶ "Libya's Lessons", *Survival*, 53:5, Ben Barry 2011.

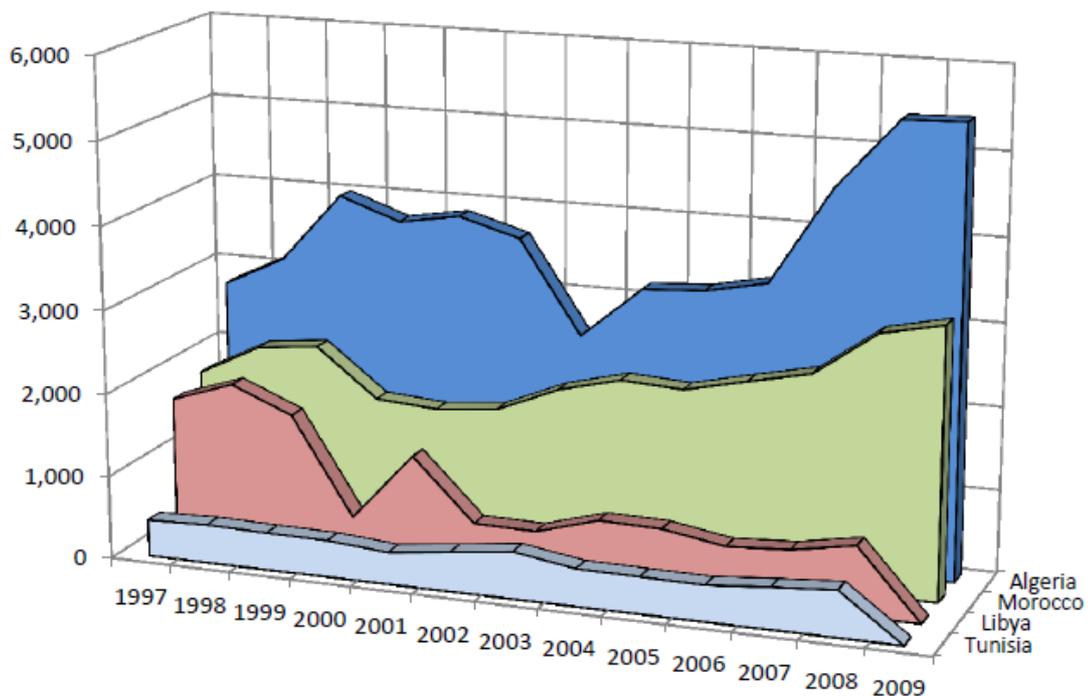
Since March 31, 2011, NATO has conducted 9658 air strike sorties,²⁷ averaging 46-47 strike missions per day for 207 days. When assessing the gravity of the war crimes reported here this massive air campaign needs to be contrasted against the realities on the ground.

What are these realities?

Even before UN resolution 1973 Libya was reported to have no effective air force.²⁸ Moreover, and in regional terms, Libya did not have much of a military to speak of in the first place.

For example, indicated by the chart below is that whereas neighbouring countries in the first decade of the 21st century escalated their military expenditures – Libya did the opposite.²⁹

Figure 13: North African Military Expenditures by Country: 1997-2009
(in Constant 2010 \$US Millions)



²⁷ http://www.nato.int/nato_static/assets/pdf/pdf_2011_10/20111024_111024-oup-update.pdf, 2011-10-27.

²⁸ <http://english.aljazeera.net/news/africa/2011/03/201132316258646677.html#>, 2011-10-20.

²⁹ THE NORTH-AFRICAN MILITARY BALANCE, Anthony H. Cordesman, Aram Nerguizian CSIS, 2010.

In fact, Libya under Qaddafi, was a remarkably constructive factor in the region – being the founding father of the African Union.³⁰

Reported war casualties vary widely.³¹ What is clear is that the involvement of the armed forces of Sweden and other countries not only changed the outcome of what would have been the orderly neutralization of a local fringe Al-Qaeda/LIFG flurry into a full-scale regime-change (for the worse) with a death toll, injured and refugees at a very different order of magnitude.

Some key-points:

- **The attack on Tripoli:** There are reports that the NTC/Al-Qaeda/LIFG ground assault on Tripoli July 20, 2011, was amphibious (supported by NATO ships) and planned, directed and led by NATO-officers, also on the ground.³² The way in which the reportedly NATO-led rebels were at all able to progress through Tripoli was by NATO Apache attack helicopters strafing the streets to clear it of civilians.³³
- **The attack on Sirte:**³⁴ Coordinated with NATO's massive bombing campaign against the city were the rebels cordoning off, of it – preventing civilians attempting to escape the carnage from leaving.

Why would the Swedish government, or any other government, for that matter, wish to prevent civilians from escaping an event that by observers

³⁰ http://www.africa-union.org/Docs_AUGovernment/decisions/Sirte_Declaration_1999.pdf, 2011-11-01.

³¹ http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Casualties_of_the_2011_Libyan_civil_war, 2011-10-27.

³² <http://www.telegraph.co.uk/news/worldnews/africaandindianocean/libya/8716758/Libya-secret-role-played-by-Britain-creating-path-to-the-fall-of-Tripoli.html>, 2011-09-26.

http://www.guardian.co.uk/world/2011/may/30/western-troops-on-ground-libya?CMP=tw_t_iph, 2011-09-26. Cf.

<http://www.foxnews.com/world/2011/06/04/nato-uses-attack-helicopters-for-first-time-in-libya/> 2011-09-26. Attack helicopters are not weapons systems traditionally attached to the Air Force, but the army (or navy when used as force projection on-shore).

³³ <http://www.voltairenet.org/NATO-carnage-in-Tripoli>, 2011-09-26.

http://www.youtube.com/watch?feature=player_detailpage&v=J3SU9qUAkSg#t=1006s, 2011-10-30.

³⁴ http://www.nato.int/cps/en/natolive/news_71994.htm, 2011-09-22. Details found under the heading "Key Hits 22 September" confirms that NATO air missions are in direct support of the Al-Qaeda/LIFG rebels in their attempts to capture Sirte. Cf. <http://www.forsvarsmakten.se/sv/Aktuellt/centralanyheter/Libyeninsatsens-slutdatum-narmar-sig/> : even the media reporting by the Swedish military establishment confirms that Swedish units are acting in violation of UN resolution 1973: Generalmajor Mats Brindsjö: "Now we will fully start to focus on the mission of protecting civilians" ["Nu fokuserar vi helt på uppgiften att skydda civila"].

have been likened with the town of Guernica during the Spanish Civil War?³⁵

The level of popular support enjoyed by the Qaddafi government, as reflected by the resistance of the inhabitants of i.a. Tripoli and Sirte, indicates that the Libyan people in vast numbers view the Qaddafi government as the only legitimate government.³⁶

- **Genocide on black Libyans:**³⁷ Numerous reports exist on the apparent racist agenda of the NTC/Al-Qaeda/LIFG rebel as they seek out and kill black people.³⁸ Substantiated, as these reports are, the instigators of this as a generic policy in the war may not necessarily have been Al-Qaeda or the LIFG.
- **The role of NATO's so-called Special Forces (SF) units:** There also exist high-profile testimonies of how Danish and French SF-units engaged in and set up a policy of publicly decapitating black Libyans in order to terrorize the civilian population of Tripoli into submission³⁹ under the capital's newly installed military dictator Bel Hadj.
- **The destruction of the Great Man-Made River project:**⁴⁰ NATO's wholesale destruction of Libya's world-renowned Great Man-Made River project is a text-book example of crimes against international law. Not only did NATO destroy the world's most advanced water project – it also destroyed the factories capable of repairing this vital civilian infrastructure.
- **Use of inhumane weapons such as depleted uranium⁴¹ and cluster bombs:**⁴² Evidence points to the possibility of both cluster bombs and depleted uranium being used by NATO in Libya.

³⁵ <http://humanrightsinvestigations.org/2011/09/17/nato-bombing-sirte-guernica/>, 2011-10-19

³⁶ <http://www.voltairenet.org/Sirte-martyred-by-NATO>, 2011-10-19.

³⁷ <http://www.globalresearch.ca/index.php?context=va&aid=25622>, 2011-10-27.

³⁸ <http://rt.com/news/libya-subordinate-role-africa-597/>, 2011-10-27.

³⁹ <http://www.afro.com/sections/news/national/story.htm?storyid=72369>, 2011-09-26.

⁴⁰ <http://humanrightsinvestigations.org/2011/07/27/great-man-made-river-nato-bombs/>, 2011-10-27.

⁴¹ <http://rt.com/usa/news/nato-depleted-uranium-libya/>, 2011-20-27; <http://www.voltairenet.org/NATO-War-Crimes-Depleted-Uranium>, 2011-10-27.

⁴² AFP: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gJefXVG37Eo&feature=player_detailpage, 2011-10-27.

- **The foreign occupation force prohibited by UN resolution 1973** is in fact what the NATO-led war is all about, both tactically – with military ground force elements – and strategically – with the installation of a puppet terrorist-designated regime controlled by Anglo-American interests.

The offences

As a result of initiatives taken by members in the Swedish government, made possible by individuals in the Swedish parliament, and carried out by individuals in the Swedish military, the state of Sweden today shares responsibility for the transformation of the most humanitarian and successful state on the African continent into a third-world war zone run by a conglomerate of terrorist-designated rebels over which the agendas of Anglo-American intelligence and banking oligarchs cast their long shadow.

For more details on casualties, the destruction of civilian life, and civilian infrastructure brought by the military forces of Sweden and other countries, consider the Libya reports from the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs.⁴³

Given existing international agreements and the clear violations committed by the participants of NATO's Unified Protector campaign, of the intent and boundaries set by UN Resolution 1973, it is evident that crimes falling i.a. under the following categories have been and are being committed:

1. War of aggression
2. Crimes against humanity
3. Genocide

These crimes were not the result of mission-drift or mission-swings – but were pre-mediated for the purpose of imposing regime-change in Libya in violation of international law.

⁴³ <http://www.unocha.org/top-stories/stories-by-country/results/taxonomy%3A107>, 2011-10-27.

Given the international consensus of the designation of i.a. Al-Qaeda and LIFG as "terrorists" it is also evident that the following crimes have been and are being committed by the individuals reported here:

4. Terrorism
5. Failure to report on Terrorism
6. Support of Terrorism
7. Financing of Terrorism

Dates and Periods:

1. March 29, 2011 Cabinet Meeting⁴⁴
2. March 30, 2011 Start of Sweden's military operation FL01⁴⁵
3. April 1, 2011 Parliament vote⁴⁶
4. June 9, 2011 Cabinet Meeting⁴⁷
5. June 17, 2011 Parliament vote⁴⁸
6. July 1, 2011 Start of Sweden's military operation FL02⁴⁹
7. September 15, 2011 Cabinet Meeting⁵⁰
8. September 21, 2011 Parliament vote⁵¹

Suspects:

Cabinet Member	Swedish SSN	Event 1: Mar 29, 2011	Event 4: Jun 11, 2011	Event 7: Sep 15, 2011
Adelsohn Liljeroth, Lena	551124-0045	1	4	7
Ask, Beatrice	560420-8222	1		7
Attefall, Stefan	600821-8551	1		7
Bildt, Carl	490715-4613		4	7
Billström, Tobias	731227-4116	1		7

⁴⁴ <http://www.regeringen.se/content/1/c6/16/49/75/8b46bcd2.pdf>, 2011-09-25.

⁴⁵ <http://blogg.forsvarsmakten.se/flygvapenbloggen/2011/09/06/medaljering-av-fl-01/>, 2011-09-24. According to this official Air Force blog entry, the Swedish war effort started just 23 hours after the Cabinet Meeting on March 29, 2011 – i.e. two days before the Parliament voted for it.

⁴⁶ <http://www.riksdagen.se/webbnav/?nid=3154&rm=2010/11&bet=UF%C3%B6U3>, 2011-09-25.

⁴⁷ <http://www.regeringen.se/content/1/c6/17/04/12/d4408741.pdf>, 2011-09-25.

⁴⁸ <http://www.riksdagen.se/webbnav/?nid=3154&rm=2010/11&bet=UF%C3%B6U4>, 2011-09-25.

⁴⁹ <http://www.forsvarsmakten.se/sv/Internationella-insatser/Libyen-UP/Nyheter-fran-Libyen/FL-02-flyger-vidare/>, 2011-09-24.

⁵⁰ 2011/12:5, 2011-09-15.

⁵¹ <http://www.riksdagen.se/webbnav/?nid=3120&doktyp=betankande&bet=2011/12:UF%C3%B6U1>, 2011-09-30.

Björklund, Jan	620418-5596	1	4	7
Björling, Ewa	610503-1949			7
Borg, Anders	680111-0310		4	7
Carlgren, Andreas	580708-1475	1	4	7
Carlsson, Gunilla	630511-3927	1	4	
Elmsäter-Svärd, Catharina	651123-1109		4	
Engström, Hillevi	630415-1027	1	4	7
Erlandsson, Eskil	570125-2776		4	7
Hägglund, Göran	590127-6674		4	7
Hatt, Anna-Karin	721207-2404	1		7
Kristersson, Ulf	631229-3936			7
Larsson, Maria	560120-2707	1	4	7
Norman, Peter	580403-1317	1	4	7
Ohlsson, Birgitta	750820-xxxx			7
Olofsson, Maud	550809-7887		4	7
Reinfeldt, Fredrik	650804-1099	1		7
Sabuni, Nyamko	690331-0560		4	7
Tolgfors, Sten	660717-6291	1		7
Ullenhag, Erik	720720-1455		4	7

MP	Event 3: Apr 1, 2011	Event 5: Jun 17, 2011	Event 8: Sep 21, 2011
A Eriksson, Erik	yes vote		yes vote
Abele, Anton	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Abrahamsson, Maria	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Acketoft, Tina	yes vote	yes vote	
Adan, Amir	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Adelsbo, Christer			yes vote
Adolfsson Elgestam, Carina	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Ahlberg, Ann- Christin	yes vote		yes vote
Ahlin, Urban	yes vote	yes vote	
Akej, Christer	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Al-Sahlani, Abir	yes vote		yes vote
Amin, Jabar		yes vote	
Andersson, Anders	yes vote	yes vote	
Andersson, Jan R	yes vote	yes vote	
Andersson, Johan	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Andersson, Linda / Arvidsson Wemmert, Linda	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Andersson, Magdalena	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote

Andersson, Phia	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Andersson, Yvonne	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Anger, Staffan	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Arkelsten, Sofia	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Arleklo, Ann			yes vote
Arnold, Otto			yes vote
Asplund, Lena	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Astudillo, Luciano	yes vote	yes vote	
Ataseven, Metin	yes vote	yes vote	
Avsan, Anti	yes vote		yes vote
Axelsson, Lennart	yes vote		yes vote
B Kjellin, Margareta		yes vote	
Backman, Hans	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Bali, Hanif	yes vote	yes vote	
Baylan, Ibrahim			yes vote
Beckman, Hannes		yes vote	
Beckman, Lars	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Bengtson Skogsberg, Eva		yes vote	yes vote
Bengtsson, Finn		yes vote	yes vote
Berg, Ulf	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Bergheden, Sten	yes vote		
Bergstedt, Hannah	yes vote		yes vote
Bernhardsson, Bo	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Bill, Per	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Blix, Gustav		yes vote	yes vote
Bohlin, Carl-Oskar	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Bouveng, Helena	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Brinck, Cecilia	yes vote		yes vote
Brink, Josefin	yes vote		
Bucht, Sven-Erik			yes vote
Caplan, Stefan	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Carlson, Andreas	yes vote	yes vote	
Carlsson, Gunilla		yes vote	
Carlsson, Ulrika		yes vote	
Ceballos, Bodil	yes vote	yes vote	
Cederbratt, Mikael	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Cederfelt, Margareta		yes vote	yes vote
Damberg, Mikael	yes vote	yes vote	
Danielsson, Staffan	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Dibrani, Adnan	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Dinamarca, Rossana	yes vote		
Dingizian, Esabelle		yes vote	

Eberstein, Susanne	yes vote	yes vote	
Eclund, Annika	yes vote		yes vote
Ehn, Tina	yes vote		
Elinderson, Lars	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Eneroth, Tomas		yes vote	yes vote
Engblom, Annicka		yes vote	yes vote
Engelhardt, Christer	yes vote		
Ericson, Gunvor G		yes vote	
Ericson, Jan	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Eriksson, Jonas	yes vote		
Eriksson, Peter		yes vote	
Ernkrans, Matilda	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Ertsborn, Jan		yes vote	yes vote
Federley, Fredrick	yes vote		
Ferm, Maria	yes vote		
Finnborg, Thomas	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Finstorp, Lotta		yes vote	yes vote
Flanking, Anders	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Flyborg, Eva	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Forssell, Johan	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Fridolin, Gustav	yes vote	yes vote	
From, Isak		yes vote	yes vote
G Forslund, Kenneth	yes vote	yes vote	
Gerdau, Mats	yes vote	yes vote	
Granbom Ellison, Karin	yes vote		yes vote
Granlund, Marie		yes vote	
Green, Monica	yes vote		yes vote
Gunnarsson, Jonas	yes vote		yes vote
Gunther, Penilla	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Gustafsson, Billy	yes vote	yes vote	
Gustafsson, Lars	yes vote		
Habsburg Douglas, Walburga		yes vote	yes vote
Haby, Susanna	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Haddad, Roger	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Hagberg, Liselott	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Halef, Robert	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Hallengren, Lena	yes vote		yes vote
Hamednaca, Arhe	yes vote		yes vote
Hamilton, Carl B	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Hammar Johnsson, Ann-Charlotte	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Hammarbergh,	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote

Krister			
Hansson, Anders	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Helmersson Olsson, Caroline	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Henriksson, Emma	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Heydari, Shadiye	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Hoff, Hans	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Hoffstedt, Gustaf	yes vote	yes vote	
Holm, Christian	yes vote	yes vote	
Holm, Ulf	yes vote	yes vote	
Hultberg, Johan	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Hultqvist, Peter	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Husmark Pehrsson, Cristina	yes vote	yes vote	
Jakobsson, Leif	yes vote		yes vote
Jansson, Eva-Lena	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Jeppsson, Peter	yes vote		yes vote
Jernbeck, Isabella	yes vote	yes vote	
Johansson, Ann-Kristine		yes vote	
Johansson, Bengt-Anders		yes vote	yes vote
Johansson, Johan	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Johansson, Kenneth	yes vote		
Johansson, Lars	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Johansson, Mats		yes vote	yes vote
Johansson, Morgan			yes vote
Johansson, Ola		yes vote	yes vote
Johansson, Ylva			yes vote
Johnson, Jacob	yes vote		
Johnsson, Per-Ingvar			yes vote
Johnsson, Peter	yes vote		
Jonsson, Mattias	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Juntti, Ellen	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Kamil, Ismail	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Karlsson, Annelie			yes vote
Karlsson, Christina	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Karlsson, Sara	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Karlsson, Ulrika	yes vote		
Kerimo, Yilmaz	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Kierkemann, Marianne			yes vote
Kinberg Batra, Anna	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Larsson, Hillevi			yes vote

Larsson, Jan-Olof	yes vote	yes vote	
Larsson, Lars Mejern	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Larsson, Nina	yes vote		
Lavesson, Olof	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Leander, Helena	yes vote	yes vote	
Lilja, Lars	yes vote		
Lillemets, Annika	yes vote		
Linander, Johan			yes vote
Lindberg, Teres	yes vote		
Linde, Hans	yes vote		
Lindholm, Jan	yes vote		
Lodenius, Per	yes vote	yes vote	
Lohman, Eva		yes vote	yes vote
Lunderquist, Kajsa	yes vote		yes vote
Lundgren, Elin	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Lundgren, Kerstin	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Lundh Sammeli, Fredrik	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Luttrupp, Agneta	yes vote	yes vote	
Magnusson, Cecilia	yes vote	yes vote	
Malm, Fredrik	yes vote		yes vote
Malmberg, Betty	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Moberg, Carina	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Munkhammar, Johnny			yes vote
Niemi, Pyry	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Nilsson, Gustav	yes vote		yes vote
Nilsson, Ingemar	yes vote	yes vote	
Nilsson, Jennie	yes vote	yes vote	
Nilsson, Karin		yes vote	
Nilsson, Kerstin	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Nilsson, Pia	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Nilsson, Ulf		yes vote	yes vote
Nilsson, Ulrik	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Nordell, Lars-Axel	yes vote	yes vote	
Nordgren, Gunilla	yes vote		yes vote
Nordqvist, Kew		yes vote	
Nylander, Christer			yes vote
Nylund Watz, Ingela	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Obminska, Marta	yes vote		yes vote
Odell, Mats	yes vote	yes vote	
Ohlsson, Carina		yes vote	yes vote
Olofsson, Eva	yes vote		

Olovsson, Fredrik	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Olsen, Laila	yes vote	yes vote	
Olsson, Hans	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Olsson, Lena	yes vote		
Olsson, Lotta	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Omanovic, Jasenko	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Oscarsson, Mikael		yes vote	yes vote
Oskarsson, Christina			yes vote
Oskarsson, Irene	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Pagrotsky, Leif	yes vote		
Palm, Veronica	yes vote		yes vote
Pehrson, Johan			yes vote
Persson, Kent	yes vote		
Persson, Peter	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Petersson, Helene	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Petersson, Jenny	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Pettersson, Leif	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Plass, Maria		yes vote	yes vote
Pourbaix-Lundin, Marietta	yes vote	yes vote	
Qarlsson, Annika		yes vote	yes vote
Quicklund, Sails	yes vote		yes vote
Reslow, Patrick	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Riedl, Edward	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Ripa, Henrik	yes vote	yes vote	
Rosencrantz, Jessica	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Rothenberg, Hans	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Runeson, Carin	yes vote		
Sandberg, Gunnar		yes vote	
Sander, Mats		yes vote	
Schulte, Fredrik	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Sigfrid, Karl	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Sonidsson, Eva	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Stenberg, Maria	yes vote		
Strand, Thomas		yes vote	yes vote
Svantesson, Elisabeth	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Svantorp, Gunilla	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Svedberg, Per	yes vote	yes vote	
Svensson, Michael	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Svensson, Suzanne	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Sydow, Henrik	yes vote	yes vote	
Szyber, Caroline	yes vote	yes vote	
Tenfjord-Toftby,	yes vote	yes vote	

Cecilie			
Thorell, Olle	yes vote		
Tiefensee, Roger	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Tysklind, Lars	yes vote	yes vote	
Utbult, Roland	yes vote		yes vote
Vilhelmsson, Jessika	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
W Jonsson, Anders	yes vote	yes vote	
Waberi, Abdirizak	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Wachtmeister, Peder	yes vote		yes vote
Waidelich, Tommy		yes vote	yes vote
Wallmark, Hans		yes vote	yes vote
Wasberg, Meeri	yes vote	yes vote	
Westerholm, Barbro	yes vote		
Wetterstrand, Maria	yes vote	yes vote	
Widegren, Cecilia	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Widman, Allan	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote
Yazdanfar, Maryam			yes vote
Ygeman, Anders		yes vote	yes vote
Zander, Solveig		yes vote	yes vote
Zedell, Christina	yes vote	yes vote	yes vote

These MPs listed below voted in favor of the war at event 3 and later abstained:

Björlund, Torbjörn
 Brink, Josefin *
 Dinamarca, Rossana *
 Johnson, Jacob
 Linde, Hans *
 Olofsson, Eva
 Olsson, Lena
 Persson, Kent
 Sjöstedt, Jonas *
 Lillemets, Annika *

Interviews with Brink, Dinamarca, Linde, Sjöstedt, and Lillemets (marked with * above) confirm that the reason for abstaining was the realization that the Swedish

government was in violation of UN resolution 1973 in its participation of the NATO-led war.⁵²

Key suspects in the Swedish military:

Suspect	Swedish SSN	Role
Göransson, Sverker	540503-4074	Commander in Chief Sweden's Armed Forces
Bergman, Fredrik	670828-2410	Commander FL01
Wilson, Stefan	670212-0210	Commander FL02
Galvér, Per	681129-1415	Commander Swedish infoop group

Reported individuals from Sweden's military establishment include the chain of command from Commander-in-chief Sverker Göransson down to all personnel part of the FL01/FL02/infoop operations . This also includes any staff-members in Sweden involved in the planning, directing and execution of these operations, as well as possibly members of units such as Special Operations Group (SOG) and the parachute regiment at K3 and which may have been involved in the clandestine parts of the war against Libya in 2011 – including the atrocities reportedly committed by French and Danish SF units.

Attached:

1. United Nations resolution 1973
2. United Nation's Human Development Report 2010
3. Background paper: "How Al Qaeda men came to power in Libya", Thierry Meyssan, Sep 7, 2011
4. West Point study: "Al-Qaida's Foreign Fighters in Iraq" Dec 19, 2007
5. Government Proposal: 2010/11:117 March 29, 2011
6. Government Proposal: 2010/11:127 June 9, 2011
7. Government Proposal: 2011/12:5 September 15, 2011
8. Video depicting use of cluster bombs by aircrafts
9. NTC Draft Constitutional Charter
10. "Libya's Lessons", Ben Barry, Survival, vol. 53, issue 5. Summary of the war from a western perspective.
11. Testimony former NATO Chief General Wesley Clarke March 2, 2007

⁵² tel conversations 2011-09-28 to 2011-09-30.

12. Testimony Lizzie Phelan, Oct 4, 2011
13. Walter Fauntroy article, Sep 7, 2011
14. The Sirte Declaration 1999.
15. Rebuilding Americas Defenses, Project for a New American Century, 2000.

November 4, 2011

Kristoffer Hell

Peter Pettersson

Yrsa Haggström

Leif Erlingsson

Leif Bengtsson